Operating Instructions

Laser Particle Sizer

analysette 22
COMPACT

ZERKLEINERN PARTIKELMESSEN TEILEN MILLING PARTICLE SIZING DIVIDING ZERKLEINERN PARTIKELMESSEN TEILEN MILLING PARTICLE SIZING DIVIDING ZERKLEINERN PARTIKELMESSEN TEILEN

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CE

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On 24 June 1994, Fritsch GmbH, manufacturers of laboratory instruments were awarded the certificate by the TÜV-certification body.

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Through an audit it was proven that Fritsch meets the requirements of DIN EN ISO 9000.

The attached statement of conformity indicates the directives with which the "analysette 22 COMPACT" laser particle sizer complies entitling it to bear the CE mark.

CE

Device number 22.1020.00, 22.1220.00, 22.1050.00

Valid from serial number 120

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1 General / Introduction

1.1 Notes on the Operating Instructions

- The copyright on these technical documents resides with Fritsch GmbH, Manufacturers of Laboratory Instruments.
- These operating instructions may not be reproduced without the permission of Fritsch GmbH, Manufacturers of Laboratory Instruments.
- Study the operating instructions carefully.
- The operating staff must be familiar with the contents of the operating instructions.
- Please observe the notes on personal safety.
- Considerable attention was paid to the safety of the user when the laser particle sizer was being designed. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks. In order to prevent danger to the user, the advice contained in these instructions should be followed.
- The symbols in the right-hand margin elucidate the dangers referred to in the text.

  Some symbols warning the user of possible dangers may also be attached to the machine. Warning symbols have triangular borders.
- These operating instructions are not a complete technical description. Only those details necessary for the operation of the machine and for preservation of its serviceability are described.

1.2 Explanation of symbols used on the machine and in the operating manual

Caution! Warning: Danger zone Comply with operating instructions	
Caution! High voltage	
Caution! Risk of explosion	
Caution! Inflammable materials	

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Caution! Warning: Laser beam	
Wear eye shield	
Water squirt forbidden!	

1.3 Short Description of the Machine

"analysette 22" COMPACT Laser Particle Sizer

The "analysette 22" laser particle sizer is a universally applicable machine for determining the particle size distribution of suspensions, emulsions, solids and aerosols. It is primarily used in research and development and in process and quality control.

"analysette 22“ COMPACT uses FRITSCH's patented converging laser beam for determination of the particle size distribution.

1.3.1 Construction and Operating Method

Construction

The measuring unit contains a semi-conductor laser diode (wavelength approx. 635nm, laser power output <1mW, laser class 1).
Warning notes on laser radiation can be found inside the machine.
The entire optical and electrical construction is mounted on an aluminium base plate. Instead of the measuring cells for measurement in suspension, a nozzle arrangement for blowing out the sample and a suction device can be fitted for dry dispersed samples.
Both the multi-element detector with 31 individual elements and the associated preamplifier are located, along with the appropriate protection, on the right-hand side of the measuring unit. The measuring unit also accommodates the driving system for shifting the measuring cell or the nozzle arrangement into the two end positions.

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The dispersing unit has a high-grade steel vessel with a capacity of approx. 250 ml for receiving the samples, which is designed like an ultrasonic bath. The ultrasound power output is around 40 watts and can be optionally switched on or off. An electro-optical level detector monitors the liquid level in the ultrasonic bath. A stirrer in the bath serves for further dispersion and homogenisation. The speed of the stirrer can be regulated.

A centrifugal pump flange, mounted below the bath, transports the suspension through the entire measuring circuit. Because of the high flow speed of the suspension, you can also measure larger particles of higher density correctly. However, because of the centrifugal principle, your mechanically sensitive samples will also be treated as gently as possible. The inflow and outflow of the suspension and the automatic rinsing and filling are controlled automatically by electromagnetic control valves.

Do not use easily inflammable liquids such as alcohols, ketones, benzene, etc.

Do not allow any liquids to flow into the machine.

Method of Operation

Laser diffraction instruments utilise the physical principle of diffraction of electromagnetic waves for the determination of particle size distribution. The light of a parallel laser beam is deflected through fixed solid angles, which depend on the diameter and optical properties of the particles. Traditionally, a convergent lens focuses the scattered light in a ring on the focal plane, where a detector measures the Fourier spectrum (light energy distribution). The particle size distribution is calculated in accordance with the Fraunhofer or Mie theory using complex mathematical methods.

FRITSCH uses its own, patented optical construction, the "reverse Fourier optical system". The sample is brought into a converging laser beam, and the distance from the measuring cell to the detector is equivalent to the focal length of the convergent lens in traditional applications.

The measuring range is changed by simply shifting the measuring cell along the optical axis. There is no need to change lens systems or readjust the machine. With this construction, the entire measuring range can be covered by a single method. The adaptation of different equivalent diameters for different systems (e.g. additional detectors, complex lens systems, additional optical systems, etc.) is not required. Coarser particles can be measured by increasing the distance between the measuring cell and the detector; reducing the distance makes it possible to measure small particles down to the submicron region without complex lens changes.

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1.4 Technical Data

Module	Measuring unit COMPACT 22.102.00	Liquid dispersing unit 22.122.00	Dry dispersing unit 22.105.00
Measuring range	0.3 - 300 µm		
Measuring time	approx. 10 s		
Sample quantity/ liquid quantity		approx. 0.1 – 2cm³ in 400 ml liquid	5 – 50cm³
Weight	net 15kg gross 24kg	net 10.8kg gross 19kg	net 10kg gross 28kg
Dimensions (mm) (WxDxH)	460x210x190	250x290x220	300x400x250
Current consumption	0.1A	0.5A	0.05A
Power consumption	20W	120W	10W

Operating Noise

The noise level is 42dB (A).

Voltage

Single-phase alternating current of 230 V ± 10%.

Electrical Fuses

Fuse below mains switch (machine side) and in machine side

Replacement: 2 x miniature fuse 1.25A T 5 x 20 mm

Replacement: 1 x miniature fuse 250mA T 5 x 20 mm

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2 Operational Safety

2.1 Notes on General Safety

- Read the operating instructions carefully.
- The device may only be used for the purpose described in chapter 1.3 Short Description of the Machine.
- Use only original accessories. Safety of the machine can be jeopardised if accessories other than the original are used.
- The operating staff must be familiar with the contents of the operating instructions. To this end, it must be ensured inter alia that the operating instructions are attached to the machine.
- Do not remove information signs from the machine.
- While working with the machine, the staff should, at all times, behave in a manner that will minimise the risk of accidents.
- Unauthorised conversion of the machine or any part will result in the loss of the conformity with European directives, as declared by Fritsch and the Fritsch warranty will no longer apply.
- When oxidisable materials such as metals, organic materials, wood, coal, plastics, etc. are being measured, there is a risk of spontaneous ignition (powder explosion) if the fine fraction exceeds a certain percentage. Special safety measures (e.g. measurement in suspension) should therefore be taken and work should be supervised by an expert.
- In addition, the threshold limit values of the current safety regulations should be observed, and, if applicable, ventilation should be provided or the machine should be operated below an extractor.
- The machine is not protected for use in explosive atmospheres and is not suitable for measurement of explosive or inflammable materials or materials which provoke fires.
- The machine should not be used in an electrically conductive, dusty or humid environment.
- Do not allow any liquids to flow into the machine.
- Do not use inflammable liquids such as alcohols, ketones, benzene, etc.

2.2 Notes on device safety

In the measuring unit of “analysette 22”, there is a helium neon laser with a capacity of <1 mW. “analysette 2” COMPACT is thus classified as Class 1 and the laser beam can be operated within the scope of the safety regulations of the German Trade Supervision without additional, external safety equipment. Before using the device, the user should be informed of the dangers involved while dealing with laser beams. The laser can be switched on only with a normal switch-on and switch-off button on the side of the measuring unit corresponding with the regulations.

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Warning indications regarding laser beams are found on the outside of the front side of the protective cover and inside the machine on the optical tube.

- Never look at the laser beam.
- Absolutely avoid bringing in objects reflecting in the laser beam.
- Wear safety goggles while carrying out maintenance or adjustment work on the open leaser beam. (< 10 mW, 632.8 nm).
- Only an authorised person is permitted to use a machine equipped with a laser beam.
- The user of the machine should first be informed of the dangers involved while dealing with laser beams.
- Do not remove indications and danger signs from the machine.

2.3 Operating Staff

- The machine should be used only by authorised persons and serviced and repaired only by trained experts.
- Persons suffering from health problems or fatigue or under the influence of medication, drugs or alcohol should not operate the machine.

2.4 Protective Devices

Protective devices such as covers should be used only for the intended purpose and should not be made unserviceable or removed.

2.5 Danger Points

There is a danger of crushing the cell holder when the measuring cell is being shifted.

Laser beam capacity < 1mW, laser class 1, do not look at the beam.

2.6 Electrical Safety

Caution:

Connect the measuring unit to a mains cable protected with a residual-current-operated circuit breaker.

2.6.1 General

The mains switch disconnects the machine from the mains supply at both the poles.

2.6.2 Overload Protection

The mains supply fuse is used for overload protection.

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3 Installation

3.1 Unpacking

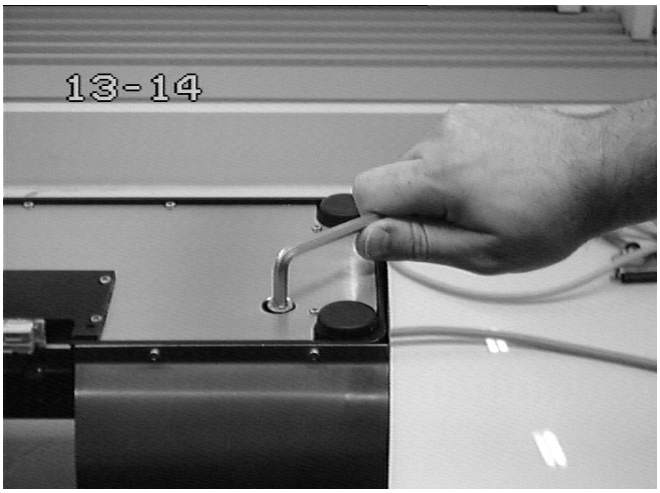
- Open the transport box at the top and remove all the packed parts.
- Compare the contents of the consignment with your order.

3.2 Transport

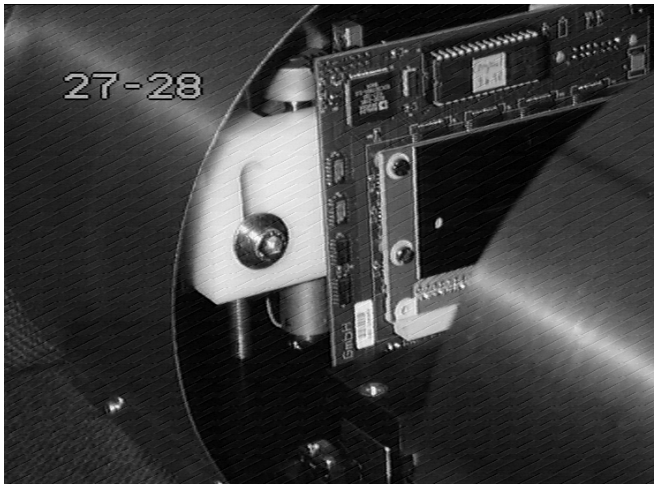
If the machine is to be transported over any significant distance, it should be packed in the transport box.

3.3 Securing Device

During transport, the machine is protected by a securing device. You can see a red-edged hole in the base plate. Below which, there is a DIN 912 M8 screw. Loosen this screw fully with the hexagon socket screw key supplied with the machine and keep it in a safe place.



On the right side of the measuring unit you will also see a transport securing device to the left of the detector. Loosen this as well and keep in a safe place.



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This screw is not attached in some versions and instead a gusset is inserted between the base plate and the inner wall of the housing. Remove the gusset or the fixing screw if this is the case.

It is imperative that the securing device be removed before the machine is used for the first time, as the auto-alignment will otherwise not function or can be destroyed!

3.4 Erection

- Place the machine on a level, stable surface, indoors. It is not necessary to fasten the machine on the erection site.
- Please avoid severe heat (sunlight, heating systems and the like), dusty environments and entry of dust into the interior of the measuring unit, and extreme air humidity (>85%).
- During the operation of the machine, the ambient temperature should not be higher than 35°C or lower than 10°C. The machine can be stored at temperatures between 1°C and 40°C. If it is expected that the temperature is going to be lower than the allowed temperature range, e.g. during transport, it is imperative that the entire suspension circuit (dispersing unit, hoses and measuring cell in the measuring unit) is rinsed thoroughly with pure ethanol beforehand and the rinsing liquid is then removed completely.
- The under-cooled machine should not be switched.
- After under-cooling the machine to temperatures below 10°C, you must wait for it to warm up to the ambient temperature before switching it on; condensation in the machine can lead to malfunctions and damages.
- Characters and graphics on the display can be seen easily if you set the computer up at a site such that sunlight and artificial light do not fall directly at the screen. In some cases, simply turning the display "away from the light" can help; this will increase the contrast and fight fatigue.

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- To facilitate operation of the machine, while installing it you should ensure that it is easily accessible. You should be able to reach the measuring cell easily when you open the measuring unit.
- The machine should not be set up at a site that is not protected from water. Select another site if there is a risk of a layer of water forming on the ground, in the event of an error. If no other site is available, the entire machine should be raised (place blocks below the machine).

3.5 Electrical Connection

Before connecting the machine, compare the voltage and current values shown on the identification plate with the values of the mains supply to which it is to be connected. See chapter 1.4 Technical Data.

Caution: Connect the measuring unit to a mains cable protected with a residual-current-operated circuit breaker.

3.5.1 Electrical Fuses

The fuses are located in the connectors (cooling device connector) of the measuring unit and can be pulled out after the cover adjacent to the connectors is opened.

Replacement: 2 x miniature fuse 1.25A T 5 x 20mm,

Replacement: 1 x miniature fuse 250mA T 5 x 20mm

3.5.2 Stability of the Mains Voltage

Machines with electronic components require stable supply voltages (+/- 5% deviation). For weak mains supplies or those not free of interference (voltage peaks due to inductive load changes or switched-mode power supply units), we recommend that a voltage regulator and filter (order no. 20.600.00) be connected in series.

3.5.3 Adaptation to the Mains Supply

It is not possible to switch over the voltage range on the machine. For voltages other than 230 V, you must use a series transformer.

Contact company for voltages other than 230 V.

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4 Wet Dispersing Unit

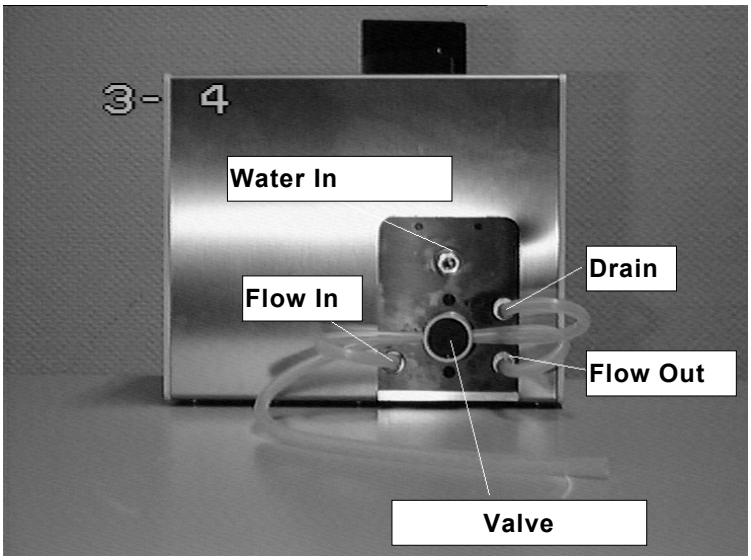
4.1 Connection of the Wet Dispersing Unit to the Water Supply

A 3/4" screw and a 1/2" hose adapter with approx. 3 m of hose are supplied with the machine. Attach the screw to the water connection of the building. Connect the other end of the hose to the "Water In" connection (see below) of the dispersing unit.

The maximum permissible water supply pressure is 0.5 bar!

Use a fine filter with a pressure reducer (not supplied). Fasten the hose with hose clips!

Caution: The pressure reducer is not included in the delivery!



Also supplied is a wastewater and connection hose (approx. 8 x 5 mm, silicone, length approx. 1 m). Cut off approx. 0.75 m of this hose. Connect the hose piece to the "Drain" connection of the dispersing unit. Clamp the hose in the receptacle of the hose constriction valve, which is closer to the machine. Clamping in the valve is essential because water will otherwise run out. Place the end in your drain basin.

Then connect the "Flow Out" connection directly to "Flow In" connection with the remaining hose piece (0.25 m). Clamp the hose into the hose constriction valve side away from the machine.

Caution:

The hose is a special accessory. Replace it only with an original hose.

Depending on the condition of the substances measured, the tightness of the silicone hoses should be checked regularly.

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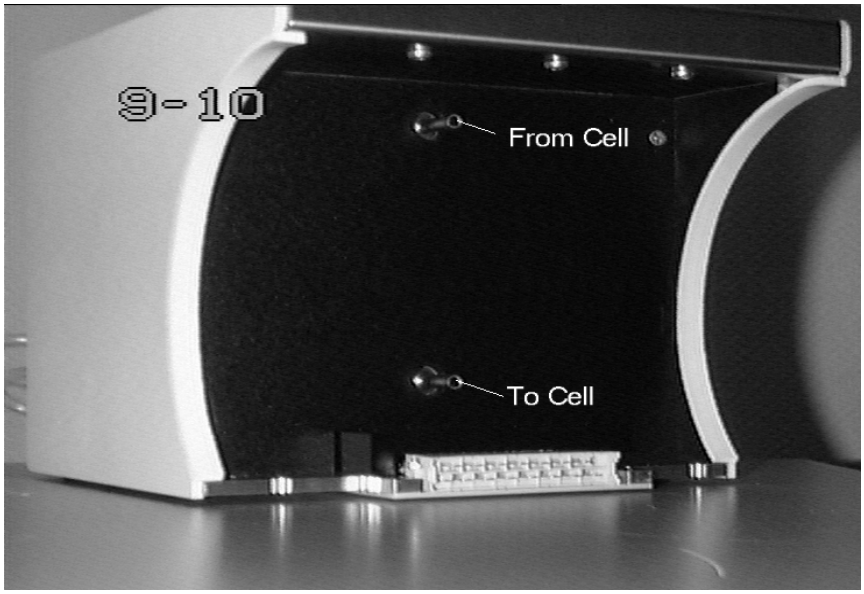
Two 150 mm long, 9 x 16 mm PVC hoses are supplied with the machine. Remove the measuring cell from its separate packaging and connect the hose pieces to the connections of the dispersing unit. Fix the hose with the supplied hose clips ("snappers").



Use the hose clips for a watertight, secure connection. The machine can be destroyed, if water enters it.

Attention: Danger!.

4.2 Preparation of the Measuring Unit

With the cable supplied, connect the communication port of the measuring unit (9-pole sub-D socket) to an RS232 port of your computer. Connect the measuring unit to the mains voltage with the cable supplied.

Do not switch on the measuring unit as yet.

4.3 Measuring Unit – Dispersing Unit Connection

Place the dispersing unit centrally behind the opening of the measuring unit. Insert the measuring cell in the holder of the measuring unit, which is already mounted. By turning the screw on the holder, fix the measuring cell in the receptacle. The lower connection of the measuring cell should be joined with the lower connection of the dispersing unit and the upper one with the upper connection of the dispersing unit.

Observe the flow direction: The liquid should flow into the measuring cell from below.

Fix the hoses with hose clips. Lay the hoses inside the measuring unit in such a manner

- **that the movement of the measuring cell is not affected**
- **that the hoses do not enter the laser beam**
- **that the hoses are not bent**
- **that the hoses do not cross**

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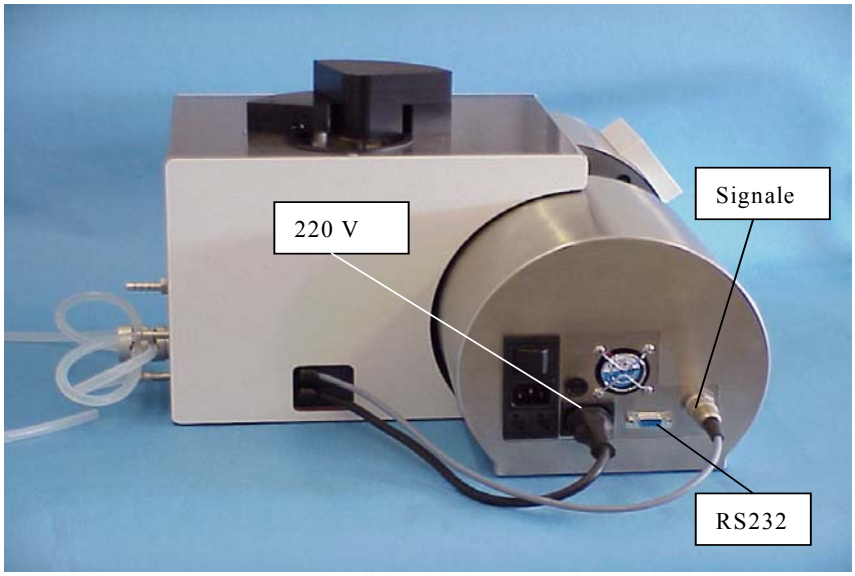
To correct the position of the hoses, you must change their length in the measuring unit, or rotate them slightly, before putting on the hose clips. Before the first measurement, please check the position of the supply hoses for the measuring cell during shifting of the cell.



The measuring unit must be switched off while connection is being established. Then switch on the measuring unit!

The machine should not be set up at a site that is not protected from water.

Select another site if there is a risk of a layer of water forming on the ground, in the event of an error. If no other site is available, the entire machine should be raised (place blocks below the machine).

4.4 Operation of Wet Dispersing Unit

4.4.1 Filling the Measuring Cell

In the analysette 22 COMPACT control window, select only the rinsing process option prior to the measurement, set the number to one, and select "Transmit data" and "Measurement".

The ultrasonic bath will then rinse itself and fill itself with clear measuring liquid. The level sensor automatically closes the valve. The circulating pump conveys the liquid into the dispersing unit – connecting hoses – measuring cell circuit.

Observe the first rinsing process and check whether the correct level is achieved.

Do not allow any liquids to flow into the machine.

4.4.2 Beam Adjustment

The COMPACT version has an auto-alignment function. After filling the measuring cell, only select the option “Auto-alignment” in the analysette 22 COMPACT control window “Beam intensities”. The laser beam is subsequently positioned on the sensor and you can carry out your first measurements.

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4.4.2.1 Checking Focussing

For checking beam adjustment and focussing, see the analysette 22 user manual for WINDOWS, chapter Beam Adjustment.

On the left-hand side of the base plate of the measuring unit, directly in front of the beam exit of the laser diode, you can see a brass block with a hexagon socket screw key. You can adapt the focal length of the laser diode to your system with this screw.

Caution: The focal length is pre-adjusted at the factory. Screw adjustments should be made only in accordance with instructions.

4.4.3 Preparation of a Measurement

Please consult the instruction manual for the analysette 22 for Windows program (Chapters 5.1, 5.2, 5.3).

4.4.4 Execution of a Measurement

All the following parameters should be programmed in the analysette 22 COMPACT control window.

Background Measurement

In order to eliminate the effect of the measuring liquid in case of measurement in suspension, or the influence of dust in the measuring area in case of measurement in an air stream, background measurement should be carried out before every measurement, especially if the measuring range has been changed. Any contamination from previous measurements is measured and its effect on the current result is eliminated.

The values of the background measurement are used as the basis for the calculation of all subsequent measurements. They are lost when the machine is switched off. Values can be obtained again only by carrying out background measurements again.

Sample Addition

You should aim for beam absorption of 7 to 15 %. The measurement is started automatically as soon as the specified value is reached.

Measurement and Evaluation

When the measurement is completed, the raw data is stored in the EPROM of the measuring unit. The particle size distribution (PSD) still must be calculated from this data.

For this calculation, select "Download data". The "analysette 22 for Windows" program will then load the raw data from the measuring unit and calculate the PSD. The results are stored in the current results directory under the file name specified in the "analysette 22 COMPACT control window" (see "Saving a File" in the "analysette 22 for Windows" manual).

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4.5 Cleaning

4.5.1 Cleaning the Machine

The machine can be wiped clean with a damp cloth.

Do not allow any liquid to flow into the machine.

4.5.2 Cleaning the Measuring Cell

Normally, it is sufficient to rinse the measuring cell with clear liquid. To remove stubborn residues, you can also add a cleaning agent to the rinsing liquid. Usually a few drops of a surface-active domestic agent (washing liquid, e.g. Pril™ or liquid soap) will suffice. Mechanically bonded contamination can be rinsed out by addition of approx. 2 g of fine abrasive agent (domestic scouring agent ARA™, VIM™, ...). Oily residues can be rinsed out with a slightly alkaline cleaning agent.

Before starting work in the machine, switch off the measuring unit and pull out the mains plug.

Disassembly

In the course of time, it can become necessary also to clean the inside of the measuring cell. This is the case when, with the measuring cell positioned at the extreme left (with the laser beam switched on), many small points of light, which cannot be removed even by repeated rinsing, are to be seen on the insides of the windows, or when the windows are covered by a dull layer.

Release the cell from the holder by turning the screw on the measuring cell holder. Before opening the cell, empty the entire measuring circuit. Remove the measuring cell and take it out through the top of the machine. Switch the measuring unit off and then push the dispersing unit to the rear so that the electrical connection is separated.

It is not necessary to remove the hose clips. If the hoses are very dirty or porous, it is certainly appropriate to disconnect the hoses or cut them off after taking out the measuring cells, if there is difficulty in disconnecting them. In this way you can avoid dirtying the inside of the measuring unit.

Lay the measuring cell flat on the table and take the cell-opening tool in your hand. This tool fits the cover ring with precisely three elevations. Turn the tool using the ring.

After turning approx. 45° you can take the ring away. Underneath you will see the O-ring and the installed cell glass. Both can be removed manually.

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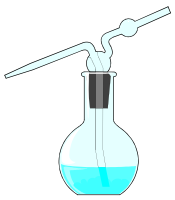
Cleaning the measuring cell glasses

Cleaning of the window requires a lot of care.

The windows may only be touched with the hand at the edges, they have a very sensitive anti-reflective coating on their outer side

Lift the windows from their cell halves carefully and place them on an optical paper with the outer side facing down. The method, given below, is a proven method for cleaning windows:



Rinse the windows with a spray bottle with distilled water as long as impurities are no longer visible. Then place the special paper on the inside of the window and sprinkle it with distilled water and a drop of tensid (Pril), so that the paper sticks to the glass surface.

Now for "Wiping off" the surface, just smooth off the paper parallel to the surface, without pressing the paper against the glass. You should repeat this smoothening off from the glass surface with fresh paper, until you see no more impurities. You can “soak” extremely stubborn sample residues with a tensid (e.g. Pril™) and wipe it with the special paper very, very carefully.

Subsequently, rinse the window clean with a spray bottle and carefully dab on the dry special paper.

Until reinstallation in the measuring cell, you should keep the window carefully covered.

Wash the sealing ring under flowing, particle-free (distilled) water and then dry with soft, fluff-free paper.

Assembly

Assemble in the reverse order. Turn the ring until the raised points a

re located under the brass screws. The glasses are optimally clamped in this way and the cell is watertight. The principle is similar to a bayonet clasp.

When you have assembled the cell, push the dispersing unit back on the measuring unit (see point 4.3). Do not install the cell but first lay it on the bottom of the measuring unit. Switch on the circulating pump by selecting the check box "Pump" on the file index "Options" or selecting "Pump on" from "Beam intensities". Carefully check whether the measuring cell is once more watertight following assembly. If it is not, IMMEDIATELY switch off the measuring unit and disassemble the measuring cell once more.

Caution:

Never add samples in excess of the upper measurement values with a size of more than 300 micrometres. The measuring cell channels may be overloaded and the measurements distorted.

This process is irreversible and leads to malfunctions in the measuring cell as this part cannot be disassembled.

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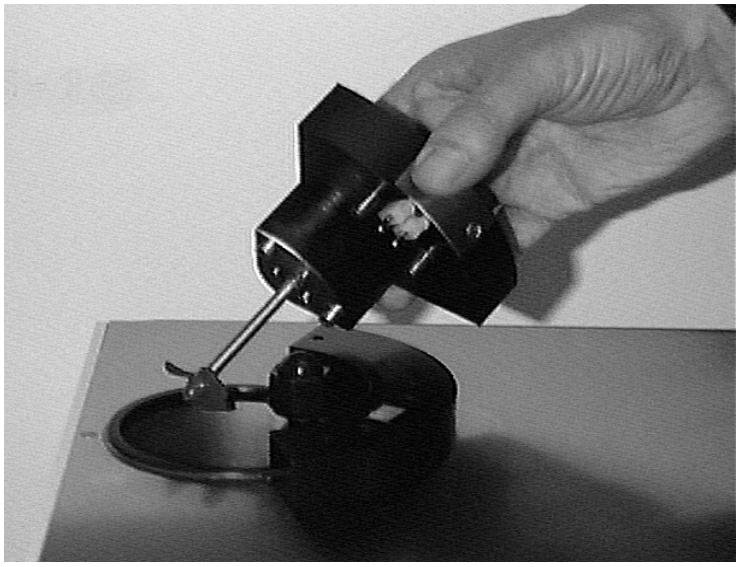
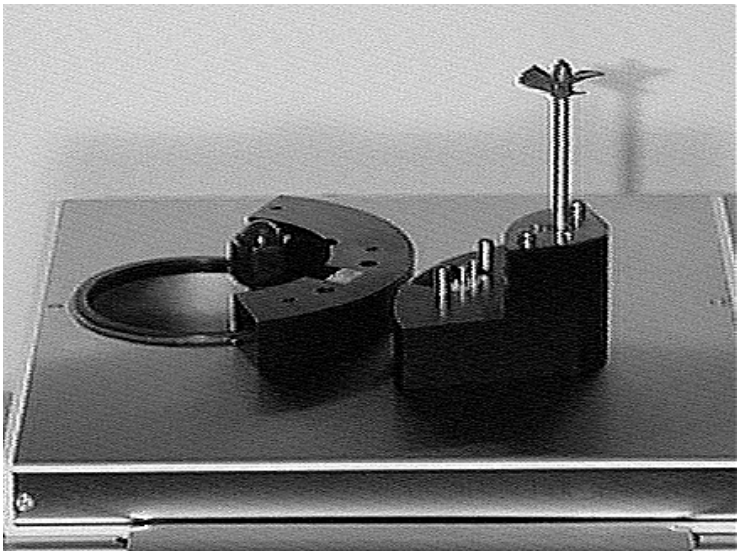
4.6 Cleaning the Ultrasonic Bath

The holder for the stirrer motor can be lifted off as a unit. Carefully pull the entire holder upwards. This could be difficult as the retaining force of the electrical contacts must first be overcome. After removing the entire holder, you can clean the ultrasonic bath with a cloth.





Clean the level sensor daily. This optical detector may be subject to lime or sample residue deposits and provide incorrect information (e.g. the ultrasonic bath is no longer being filled or liquid may overflow on filling). Wipe the bottom of the detector with a cloth). Seen from above, the detector is located above the ultrasonic bath and is protected from above by a plastic cover for M16 screws (see Figure "Cleaning of ultrasonic bath"). The lower part is always immersed in the filled ultrasonic bath and indicates when the bath is filled.

Overflowing of liquids is dangerous. Switch off measuring unit immediately and pull out the mains plug. Wet areas must be dried immediately.

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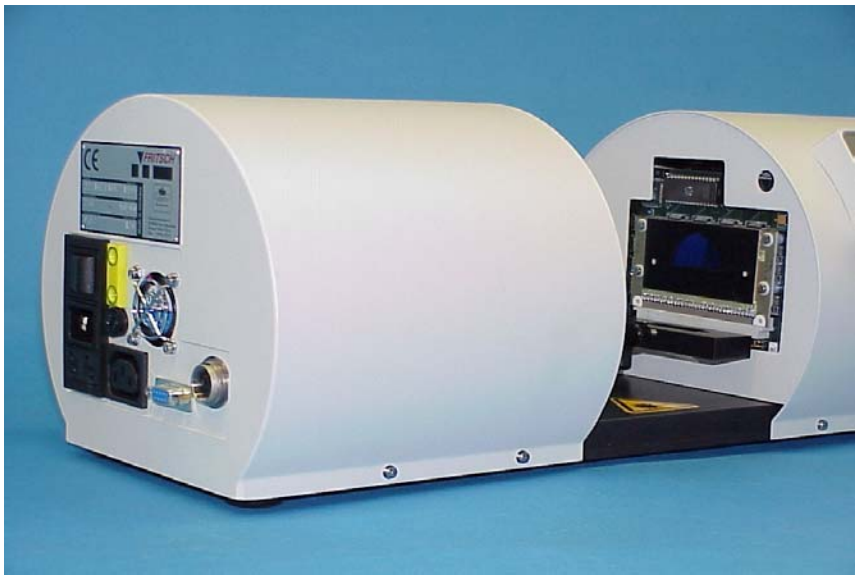
5 Installing the Dry Dispersing Unit

Please check whether the consignment contained the following accessories:

- 2 RS232 cables
- 2 mains cables (one with the measuring unit, one with the dry dispersing unit)
- 1 tube connection for feeding the sample from the dispersing unit to measuring unit (black Viton tube)
- 1 pressured air tube for connection of the dispersing unit and the measuring unit
- 1 dust exhaust control box
- 1 mains multi connector
- 1 tube for local pressured air (not shown)

5.1.1 Fastening the nozzle to the measuring unit

Firstly, insert the completely mounted dry nozzle with cover into the measuring unit.



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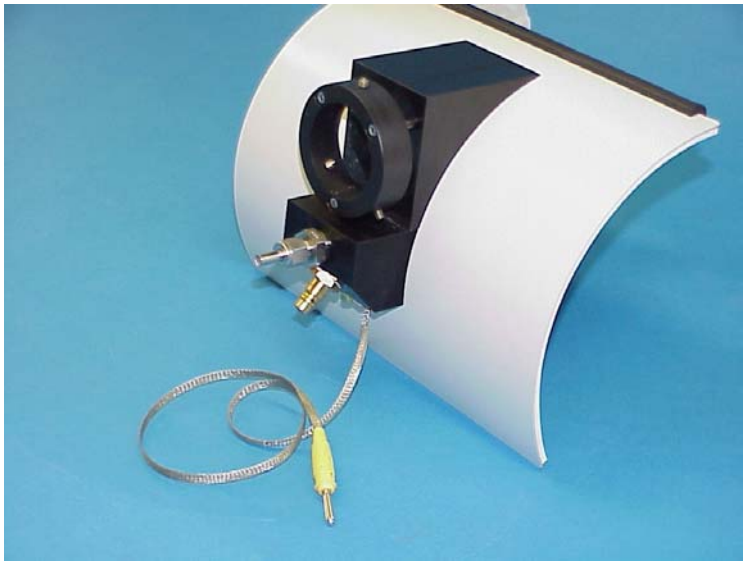
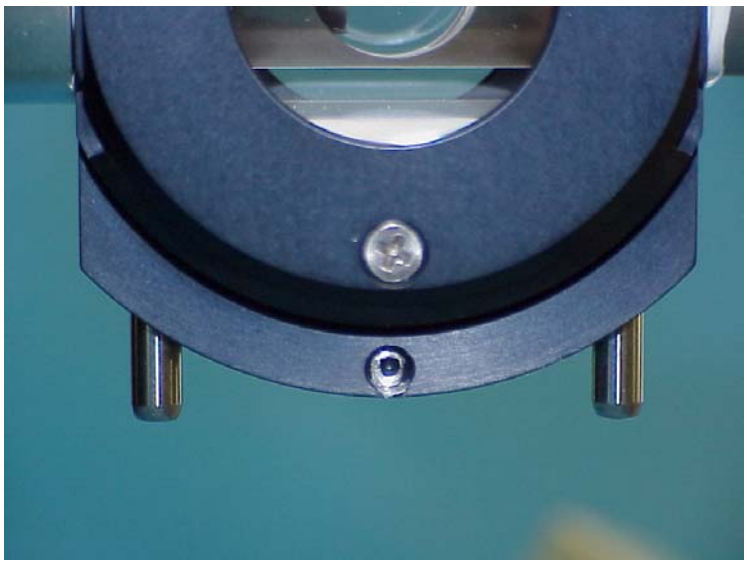


Be careful with the two bolts, which have to fit the corresponding holes in the holder for the measuring cell inside the measuring unit exactly. If you do not place the measuring cell exactly, you will have problems fitting the bolts.



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Fix the measuring cell with the screw.

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As dry measurements have more electrostatic charge, two ground connections, separated from each other, are placed at the connection side of the measuring unit. Connect the ground cable of the nozzle to the measuring unit.

5.1.2 Connecting dispersing unit

Like the wet dispersing unit, the dry dispersing unit is also controlled by the measuring unit. All commands sent from computer to the dry dispersing units are received and translated by the measuring unit. Therefore, the dry dispersing unit has to be connected to the measuring unit.

Place the dispersing unit to the right of the measuring unit.

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In all, there are three connecting cables. One cable is for connecting the dispersing unit to the measuring unit and the other cable is for connecting the dust exhaust.

Connect the third cable, which earths the dispersing unit to the measuring unit.

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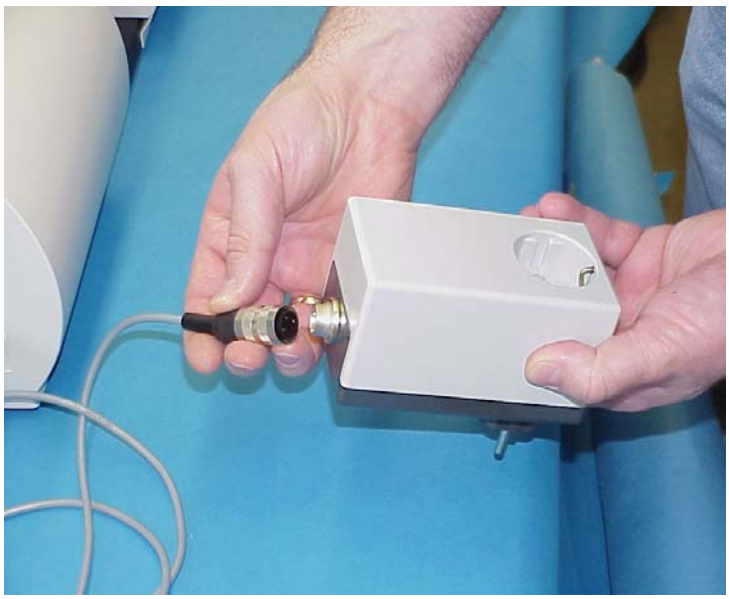

Connect the other cable to the dust exhaust control box. The connection cannot be substituted.

5.1.3 Connecting Vibrating Feeder

Next, place the vibrating feeder to the right of the dispersing unit and first make the electrical connections.

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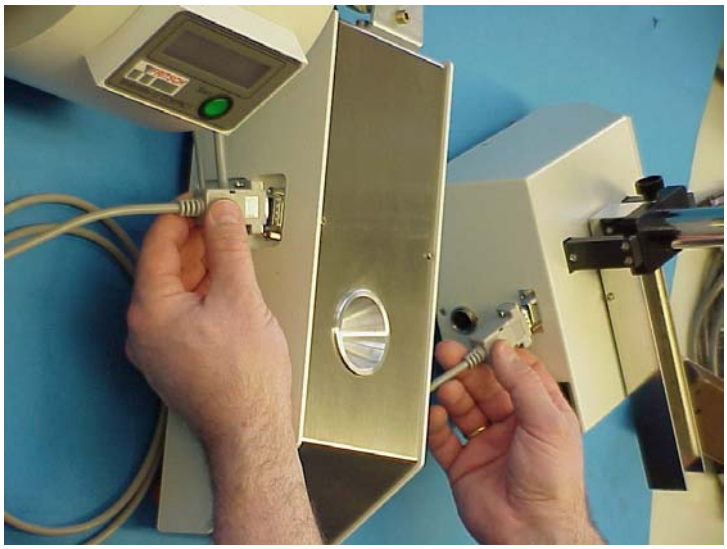
The vibrating feeder has two plugs on the rear side: one is for the external connection 0...10V and the other (9pin Sub-D) is for connection to the dispersing unit.



The vibrating feeder should be placed such that the channel of the feeder is positioned directly above the funnel of the dispersing unit

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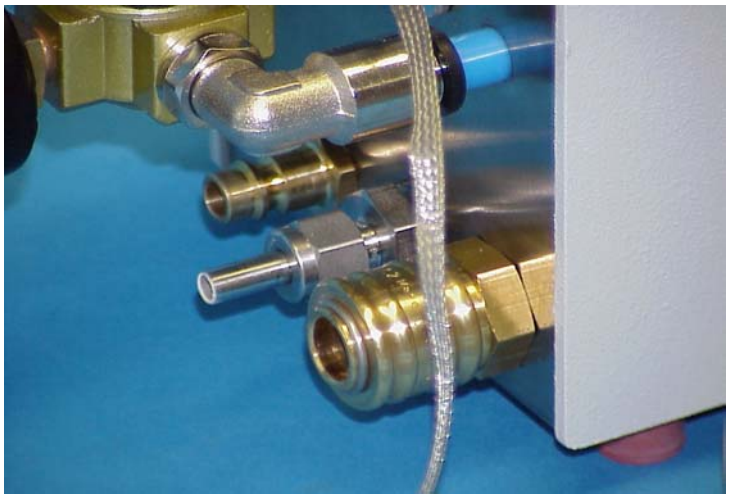
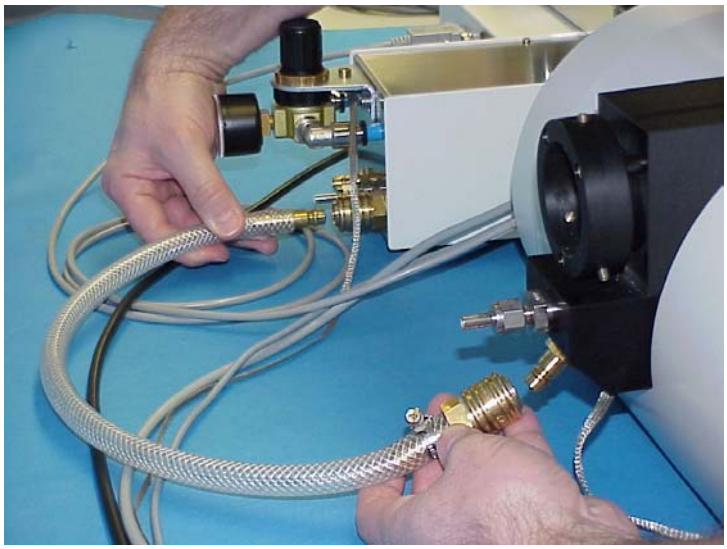
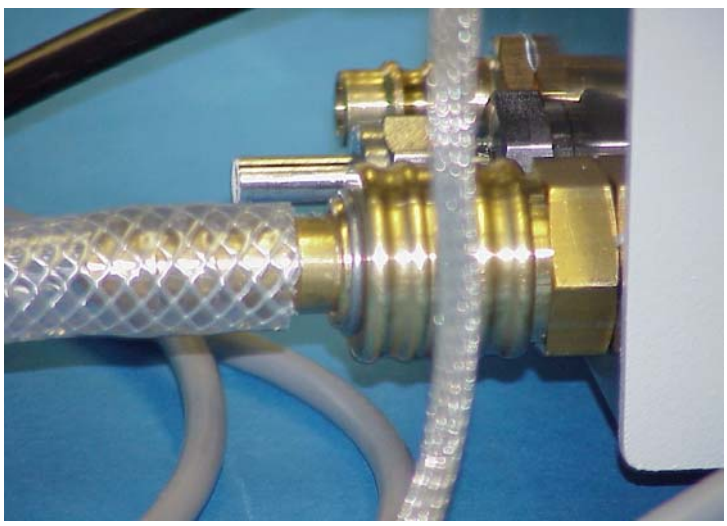
5.1.4 Connecting compressed air

Lastly, the compressed air connections have to be made. At the rear side of the dispersing unit, there are three air connections: one is for compressed air, one for feeding the sample to the nozzle placed inside the measuring unit and one for feeding compressed air to the nozzle.



First connect the compressed air supply between the dispersing unit and the nozzle.





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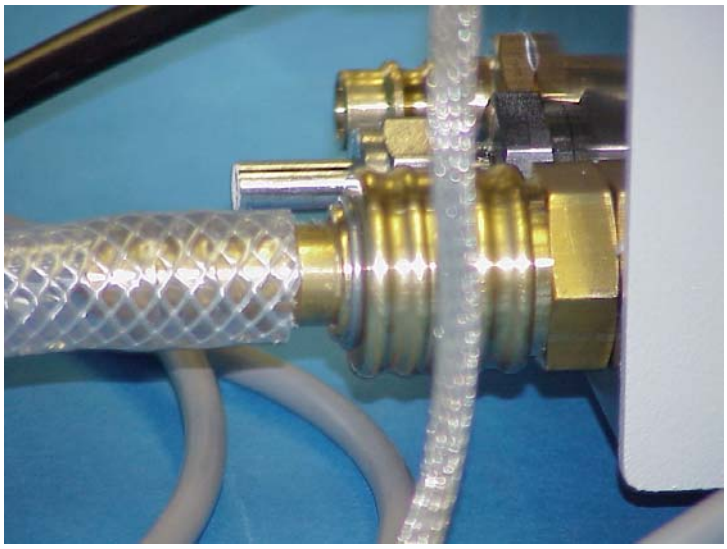
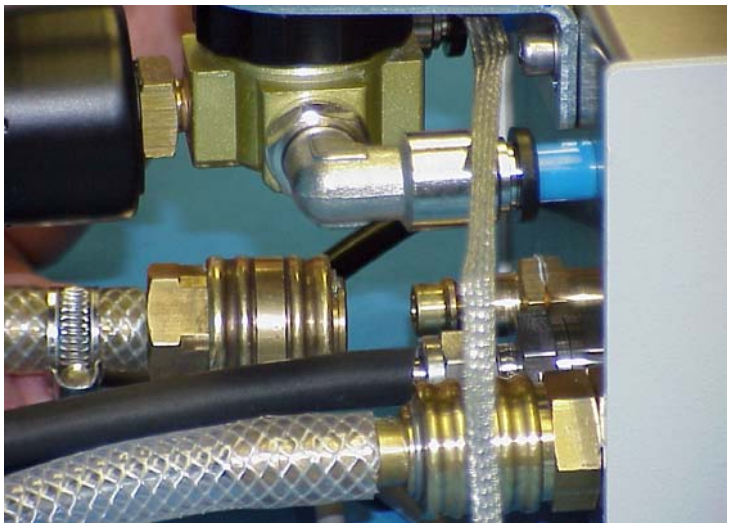
Then, connect the feeding tube between the nozzles inside the measuring unit and the dispersing unit.



Lastly, connect your compressed air supply to the dispersing unit.



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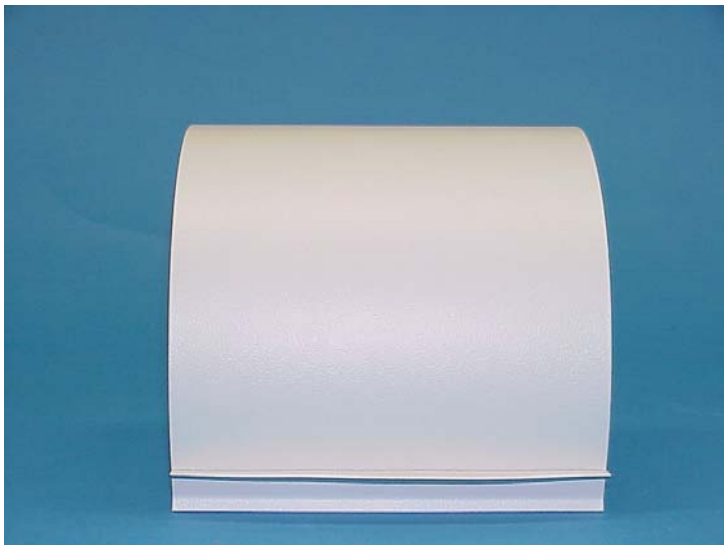
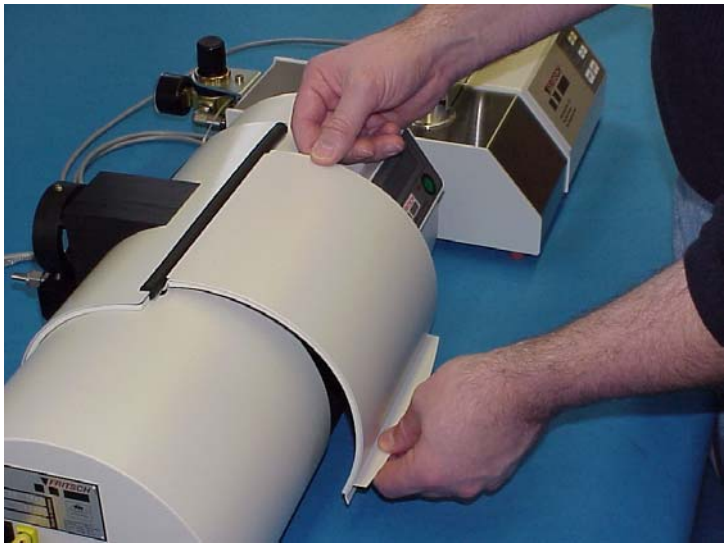
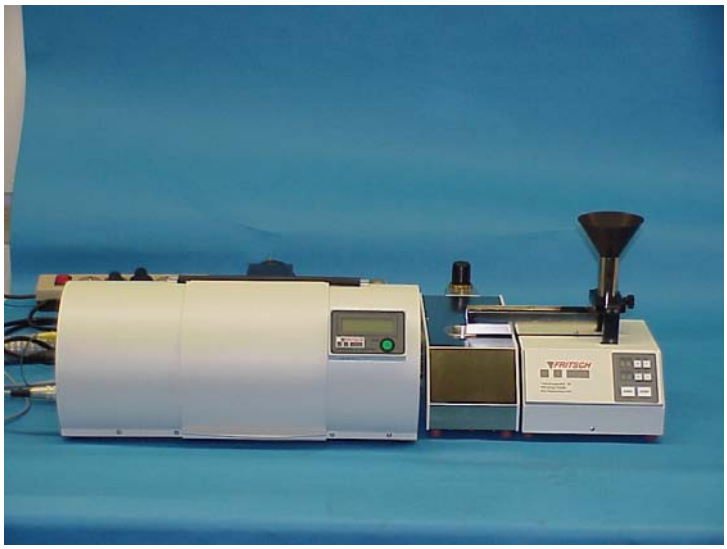
5.1.5 Setting-up measurements

Fix the front cover to the measuring unit.





Now, your measuring unit set-up should look like this:



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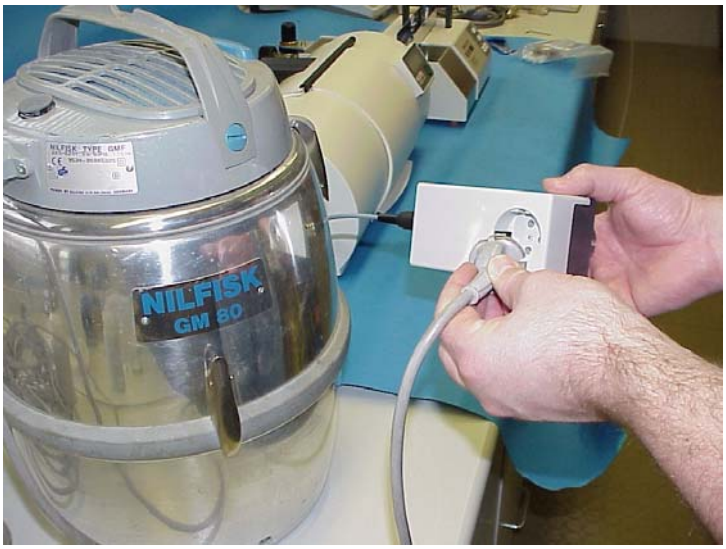
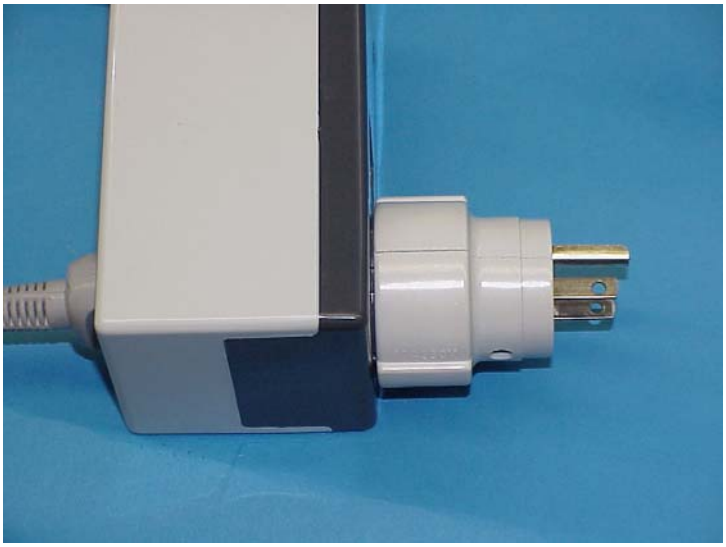
5.1.6 Connecting dust exhaust

Connect the dust exhaust control box to your mains and plug-in the power connector from your dust exhaust system to the socket of the control box (max. 16A).



The dust exhaust control box can be supplied with an adapter to suit country-specific mains plugs.



5.1.6.1 Technical data of the dust exhaust for the dry dispersing unit

The following specifications are reference values and can vary depending on the dust exhaust used.

Power input:	max. 1100 Watt
Air supply:	40 l/s
Vacuum:	23kPa
Suction power:	270W
Filter surface:	2400 cm²
Dust bag capacity:	9.0l

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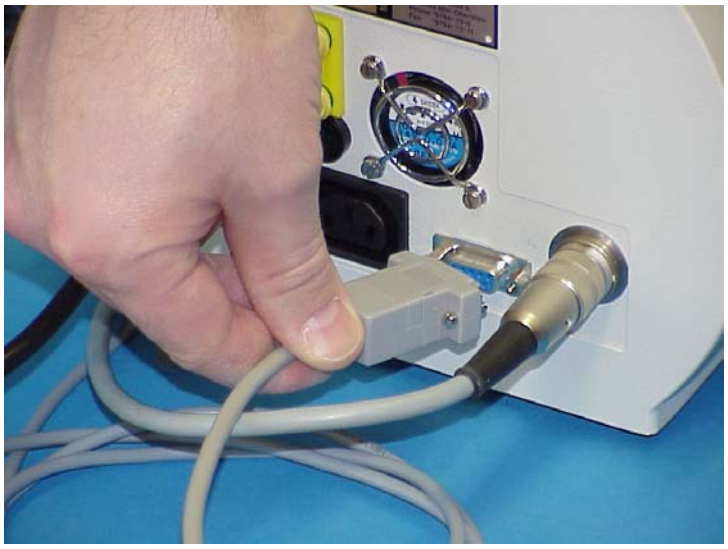
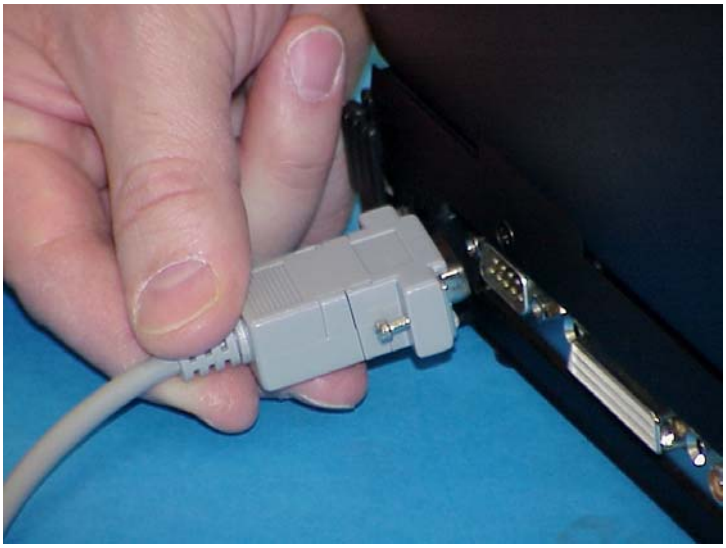
5.1.7 Connecting to the computer

Connect the measuring unit via RS232 cable to the computer.





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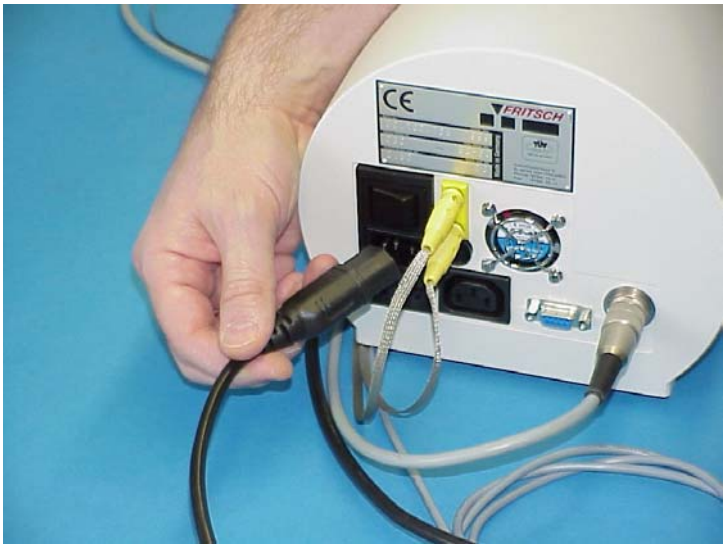
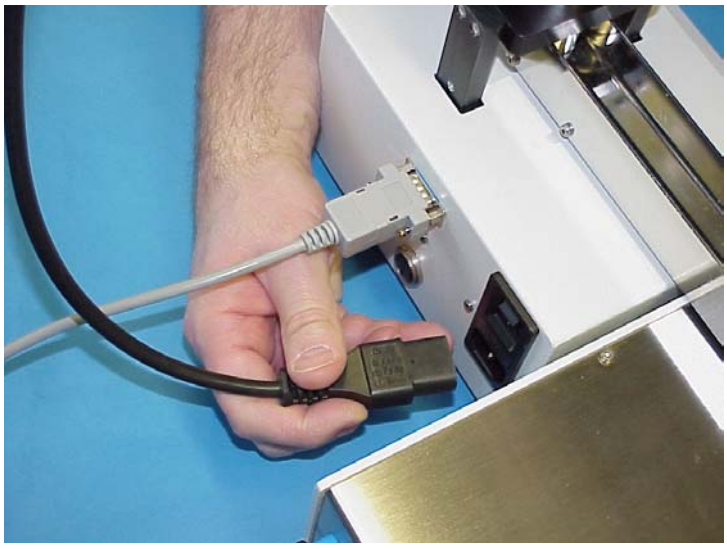
5.1.8 Connecting to the mains

Connect the measuring unit and the vibrating feeder to the mains and plug into the multiple mains plug.





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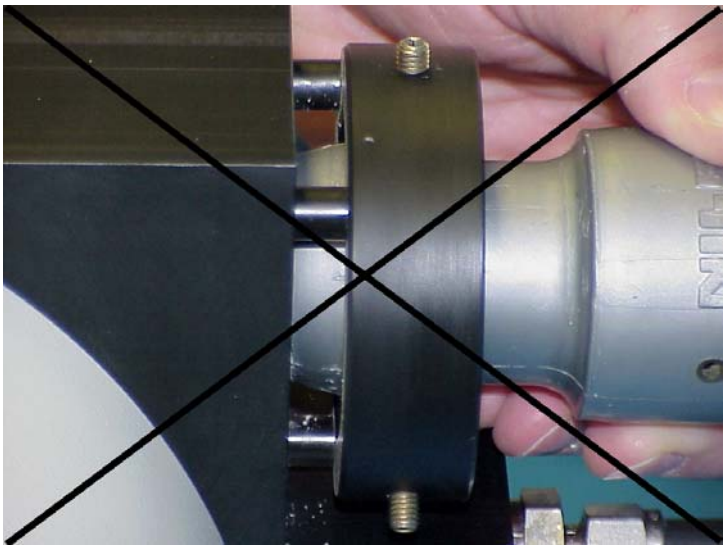
5.1.9 Pressure Setting

At the rear side of the dispersing unit, there is a valve for reducing pressure. At the time of measurement, an electrical valve opens and switches the compressed air to the nozzle. Set the pressure with the throttle valve according to your material. The optimum working range of the nozzle is between 3 and 4 bars.

Don't set the compressed air to a lower value because the system doesn't work with lower pressures. Very high pressure will produce more water inside the circuit and should be avoided. Before setting the pressure, you must pull out the black knob at the top of the regulator.

5.1.10 Connecting the dust exhaust tube to the nozzle

Make sure that there is a gap between the tube end and air outlet of measuring unit.



If there is no gap, the measuring cell windows will get dirty within a very short span of time and will have to be cleaned.

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5.2 Cleaning measuring cell windows of the ”Dry Dispersing Unit“

If you are an experienced user, you can clean the windows inside the measuring unit. If you have just started, please remove the complete nozzle including the cover and clean the measuring cell windows outside the measuring unit. This has to be done if a message ”Background Error“ or ”Clean Measuring Cell“ appears on the screen. Please check your ”Beam Alignment“ after every 20 measurements to control the light intensities. If you see increasing channels in the fine range (to the right of your ”Beam Alignment“ window) with more than 50% of total height, you should clean the windows.

Move the measuring cell to a middle cell position. To achieve this please set your measuring range to an opposite range of the actual selected range, e.g. ”Full Range“ is selected and the measuring cell is positioned in the range of 0.3 – 45 µm (right cell position). Set your measuring range to ”2 to 300 µm“, activate ”Background Measurement“ only and press ”Start Measurement“. The cell will be moved to the opposite position now. Press ”Stop Measurement“ if the middle cell position is reached.

The cell windows are made of sapphire glass. Carry out the cleaning carefully, although the surface cannot be scratched in general. Please use soft paper tissues or lens cleaning paper from your photo shop to clean the windows.

Loosen the screw of the measuring cell holder and remove the complete nozzle with the cover.

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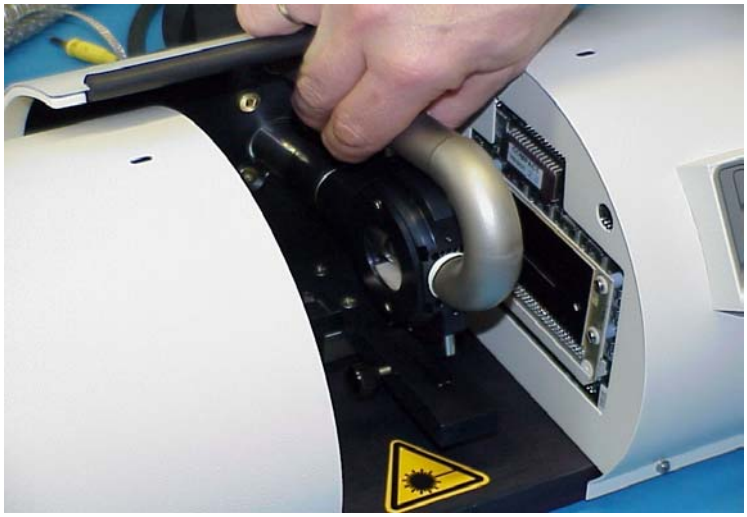
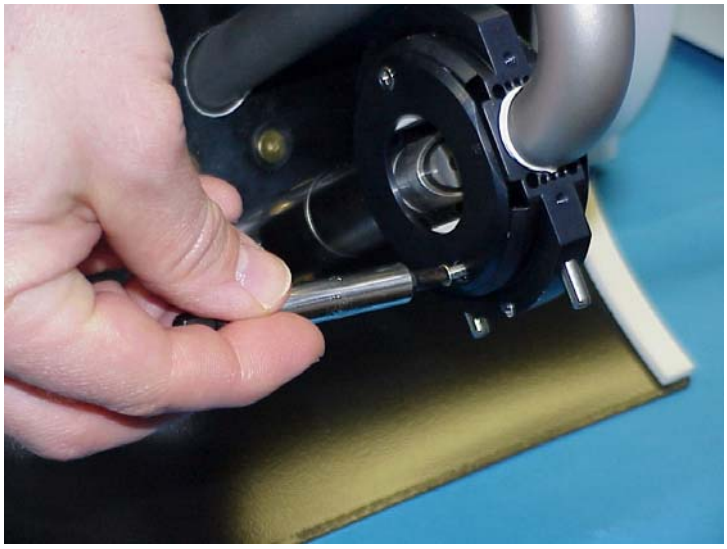


Normally it is sufficient to just loosen one screw of the measuring cell (upper or lower one) and remove the other screw completely.



The plate, with which the window is held to defined distances, can be turned 180 degrees to the back very easily.

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Remove and clean the windows. Insert them in reverse order.

Do the same for the other side of the measuring cell.

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5.3 Measuring with the ”Dry Dispersing Unit“

In order to start measuring, the dust exhaust is first switched on through the dust exhaust control box. Then, the compressed air is switched on and followed by the vibrating feeder. In order to stop measuring, the steps are repeated in the reverse order. The feeder does not run during background measurement.

The background measurement takes about 20 seconds as the measurement cycle is first cleaned each time. Immediately after the ”Background Measurement“ and before starting measurements, the feeder is switched on and controlled to predefined settings. After finishing with the measurements, the data is automatically downloaded and the particle size distribution is calculated.

With the vibrating feeder you can set the ”Feed Rate“, which means the vibration amplitude and ”Quantity“, which means the distance between the funnel and the vibrating channel. Please make sure that the quantity is set as low as possible and the feed rate is as high as possible. This ensures the supply of a small sample layer to the nozzle and results in optimum conditions.

The dry dispersing unit is a fully automatic system. Manual setting of the vibrating feeder with the keyboard does not store the settings for measurement. All manual settings are lost while measuring. If you want to pre-set the feeder, select the function ”Help“, ”Service“ and ”Manual Settings“ to save your specific presets for the measurement, e.g. ”Feed Rate“ and ”Quantity“.

Normally, even this is not necessary. If you set the absorption between 2 and 5 percent, the vibrating feeder will supply as much sample as possible to meet this precondition. Firstly, the amplitude is increased and then after reaching a value of 99, the quantity too is increased in single steps. The settings for this measurement are stored in the result file and can be reloaded.

In order to add sample material, set the feeder in the program (“Help“, ”Service“, ”Manual Settings“) to ”Feed Rate“ 0 and ”Quantity“ 0, and fill your sample material into the funnel. Set a small ”Quantity“ (depending on the adhesive power of your sample, normally to 0.3 to 1) and a medium ”Feed Rate“ of 50%.

After pressing ”Start Measurement“, measurement is carried out with the pre-set values.

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6 Checking Communication

After you have established the serial communication between the measuring unit and the computer, you should check the communication. For this, open the associated program "analysette 22 for windows" and select "Set system configuration" in the "Configuration" menu. In the "Set system configuration...“ window, select "Compact version wet". Subsequently, in the frame that appears at the top to the right-hand side, select the RS 232 interface of your computer to which you have connected the cable from the measuring unit.

The "analysette 22 COMPACT" has an auto-alignment, which does not necessitate the manual adjustment of the laser beam.

The beam intensity is NOT shown during a measurement, the index card is inactive.

Caution:

If the measuring cell is dirty, it can lead to higher intensities on the outer channels or the sensor channel are alternately displayed high and low.

Then, auto-alignment possibly does not function any longer. It is absolutely essential to clean the glasses.

The motors moving the sensor along the X and Y-axes may be destroyed.

If, after approx. 3 minutes the beam adjustment has not been optimised, then the auto-alignment is interrupted with an error message. Do not restart auto-alignment under any circumstances, instead CALL FRITSCH SERVICE:

The motors moving the sensor along the X and Y-axes may be destroyed.

7 Accessories

7.1 "analysette 22 WINDOWS" Program

All functions of COMPACT version can be programmed and controlled with the "analysette 22 for WINDOWS“ program package.

See the "analysette 22 for Windows" user's manual.

7.2 Small-Quantity Dispersing Unit

See the "analysette 22 for Windows" user's manual.

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8 Maintenance

Apart from regular cleaning, the analysette 22 COMPACT requires no maintenance.

Before starting work in the machine, switch off the measuring unit and pull out the plug.

8.1 Selection of Liquids for Suspensions

As, in the entire machine, the measuring liquid can come into contact with materials that are not chemically resistant, certain organic liquids and saturated inorganic salt solutions should not be selected. (The measuring liquid comes into contact with stainless high-grade steel, glass, Teflon and Viton (FPM and FKM) and Perbunan. The standard connecting hoses consist of PVC or polyethylene.)

Only water is approved by Fritsch as suspension liquid for the dispersing unit.

Before other measuring liquids are used, it is imperative that you first contact Fritsch.

9 Warranty

The warranty card included with this machine, when it was delivered, must be completed and returned to the supplier for the warranty to become effective. Fritsch GmbH, Manufacturers of Laboratory Instruments, Idar-Oberstein and its "Application Technology Laboratory" or the respective area representatives will be glad to give advice and assistance.
In the event of an enquiry, it is necessary to provide the details embossed on the identification plate.

10 Troubleshooting Checklist

10.1 Checklist

Malfunction	Possible Cause	Elimination of Error
Indicators	Not connected to mains	Plug-in the mains plug
not glowing	Master switch	Switch on master switch
	Mains fuse	Replace mains fuse

10.2 Transferability of Measurement Results

If the measurement of particles is used to ascertaining which of its assumed properties are real, the person conducting the measurement is not just an observer and the measurement equipment not just his tool; both are active participants. Therefore, in the determination of particle size distributions both participate in the achievement and type of result as well.

While developing measurement equipment, the designer strives towards eliminating the influence of the operator for the most part. On the other hand, it is not possible to exclude the individual effect of the applied physical measurement method or its performance in the equipment.

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For example, if particle size distributions are determined using the sedimentation method (scanning photo sedimentograph "analysette 20") and the evaluation of a diffraction image, we must expect results that deviate at least slightly from one another.

When particle sizes are measured using the analysis of a diffraction image, all dimensions of irregular particles are "seen" and accordingly taken into account in the result. Here, for example, the longitudinal extension of needle-shaped samples is also determined. The particle configuration has to be taken into account when comparing or transferring particle size distributions ascertained using different measurement methods.

10.3 Selection of Liquids for Suspensions

Since the measuring liquid in the unit (dispersing and measuring unit) only comes into contact with materials which are chemically largely resistant, certain organic liquids or saturated inorganic salt solutions can be selected - without damaging the unit.
(The measuring liquid comes into contact with high-quality stainless steel, glass, Teflon and Viton (FPM or FKM). The standard connecting tubes are made of Tygon.)

A liquid suitable for measuring samples not compatible with water can be selected from the following listing:

Basically we must warn against the use of explosive or inflammable liquids - they should not be recommended.

The listing below is only to indicate the chemical compatibility of the unit vis-à-vis liquids.

Monohydric, dihydric or trihydric alcohols (ethyl alcohol, isopropanol, glycol or glycerol, excl. methanol),

mineral and organic oils (petroleum and soybean oil, nut oil, olive oil)

It is imperative that you consult the factory before planning the use of other measuring liquids.

The following may not be used:

Ketones (acetone, propanone, butanone, cyclohexanone), ether, fluorochlorocarbons,

amines, freone 21-32,

methanol, aniline, benzol,

chlorinated hydrocarbons

acetic acids and its derivatives,

undiluted acids and bases.

Even samples that are present in oil (oils similar to machine oil, for example) do need not be measured in oil as well.

Example: toner in machine oil
The sample is first dispersed in ethylene glycol with a drop of a surface-active agent ("Pril") in the ultrasonic bath. A mixture in 1:1 proportion with water is then prepared and this is placed in the ultrasonic bath of the laser particle sizer "analysette 22".

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Example: crude cocoa mass
The crude cocoa mass is generally measured in acetone or benzene (familiar from the straining operation). The measurement in the "analysette 22" can also be performed in peanut oil, for example. Since peanut oil is safe to use with foodstuffs, the "waste oil" can be used as lubricant on the rollers, thus solving the problem of disposal.

Example: slightly magnetic materials
In general, particle size distributions of magnetic materials in suspension are not measured because of the reciprocal attraction between the individual particles. On the one hand, the high sensitivity of the "analysette 22" makes it possible to suspend materials in very low concentrations, although at relatively large distances between the individual particles, and, on the other hand, the high performance of the centrifugal pump permits this to be done with high viscosity liquids.

In the example presented here, strontium ferrite was measured in a suspension of glycerine and water at a ratio of 1:1.

If relatively large particles or particles of relatively high density are to be measured, the percentage of glycerine can be simply raised to a ratio of 7:3.

In general, liquids with a viscosity of **30 cPoice** can still be circulated by the pumping system of the dispersing unit.

10.4 Dispersing Samples with Poor Wettability

Despite their water-repellent properties, hydrophobic samples can be dispersed if made into a paste beforehand with a liquid surface-active agent ("Pril") and then dispersed in water while being constantly stirred.

In addition, agglomerates are dispersed more easily and more quickly in an external ultrasonic bath, since the total sample there is subjected to the ultrasonic. In the circuit of the dispersing unit, only the portion of the sample in the bath is in the area of the ultrasonic.

In the case of soil samples, for example, a 0.1 – 0.5% sodium pyrophosphate solution is recommended to promote dispersion. The sample thus prepared can be measured in pure water.

10.5 Measuring of Samples with Low Solubility

Samples exhibiting low solubility in liquid can also be measured in the laser particle sizer "analysette 22". Here, it is advisable to prepare a saturated measuring liquid. In such a solution the particle size cannot change by dissolving. Hence the measurement results cannot be corrupted. (However the saturated solution has to be filtered prior to use.)

Where very expensive products are involved, it may also be beneficial to identify a replacement substance, which assumes the function of "saturating" the measuring liquid.

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